Additive Manufacturing in Construction 1st funding period: The Challenge of Large Scale





Integrated Additive Manufacturing Processes for Reinforced Shotcrete 3D Printing (SC3DP) Elements with Precise Surface Quality

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Project summary

The aim of this project is to investigate cooperative additive manufacturing processes for the production of material efficient, force-flow oriented, reinforced, load bearing concrete components with precise surface quality and geometry precision based on Shotcrete 3D Printing (SC3DP).

Workflow Surface finishing

Main outcome of 1st funding period

Material-process interaction

- High accelerator dosages result in weakening of layer bond strength
- Viscosity modifiers are increasing the precision of the layer geometry
- Layer geometry is systematically controllable by nozzle design

Reinforcement integration

- Force flow oriented reinforcement layouts increase flexural strength of reinforced beams up to 60 %
- Rotational thread pitch matched integration of short rebars (SRI) increases the bond strength by 68 % compared to a direct insertion
- Automated SRI with integration speed of 10 mm/sec and rebar magazine

Surface quality

Geometrical precision (< 10 mm) and high surface qualities were achieved by subtractive processing in fresh-state with rotating tools

Key collaborations in 1st funding period



speed

principles

Integration of reinforcement strategies and the design of the final demonstrator

Simulation of SC3DP process

Manufacturing of specimens

for experiments on jointing

AMC-MERCATOR-FELLOW

Prof. Dr. Nicolas Roussel

and analysis of the particle



Wire Arc Additively Manufactured (WAAM) steel rebars



Simulation based path planning and sensor based process control



Scanning technology for validating printed components and detailed process surveillance

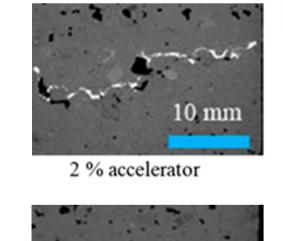
AMC-MERCATOR-FELLOW Ass. Prof. Dr. Mariana Popescu

Material-process interaction

Interaction of main process parameters

- air volume flow
- concrete volume flow
- accelerator dosage
- traverse speed
- nozzle design

have been systematically investigated



6 % accelerator

Source: Dressler et al. (2020)

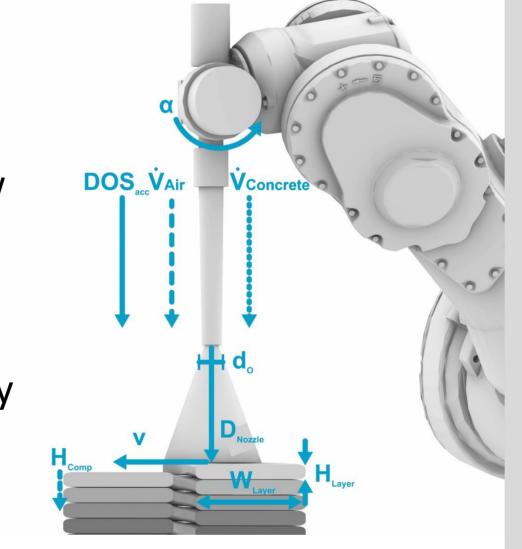


Fig 1: Parameter overview for SC3DP

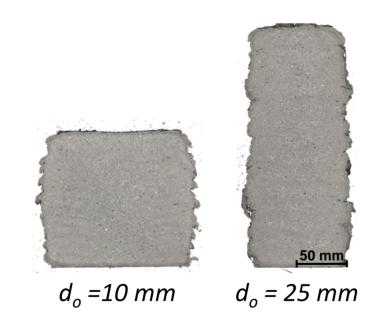


Fig 2: Influence of accelerator dosage, Fig 3: Results of nozzle outlet diameter, Source: David et al. (2023)

Reinforcement integration

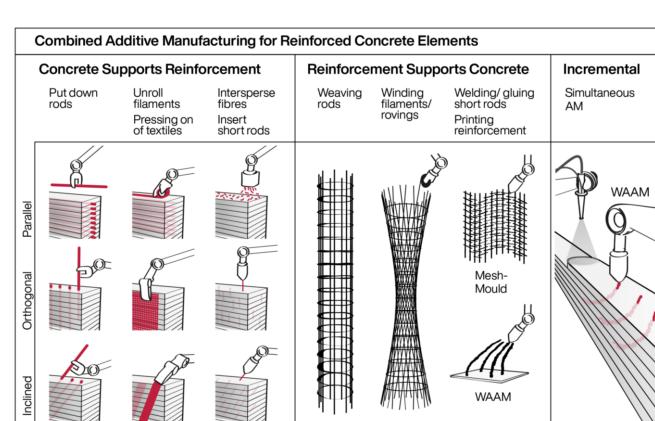
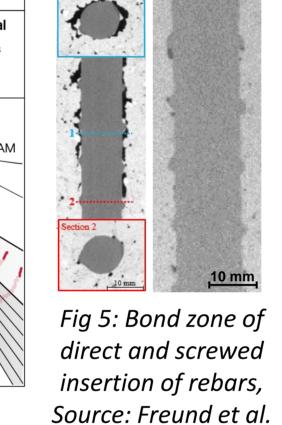


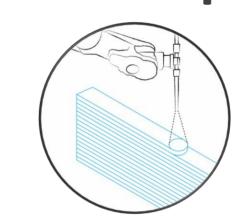
Fig 4: Characterisation of reinforcement strategies, Source: Hack et al. (2020)



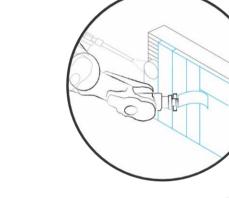
(2020)

- Force-flow oriented reinforcement design was experimentally investigated
- Integration strategies and bond behaviour for rebars, fibers and fiber mats for interlayer reinforcement were evaluated
- Development of end effectors for the automated reinforcement integration
- Derivation of strategies for the manufacturing of structural construction elements

Surface quality







As printed Parallel processing Fig 6: Characterisation of surface processing strategies

Post processing

Evaluation of subtractive and formative post- and parallel processing with rotating tools/trowels for architectural surfaces on simple geometries

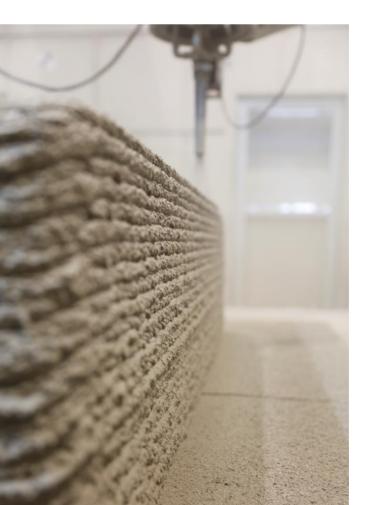




Fig 7: Results on surface processing strategies

Integrated reinforced SC3DP elements

- Large scale demonstration of automated processes
- Combination of several reinforcement strategies (interlayer reinforcement, automated short rebar insertion and fibre winding (A05))
- Integration of functional and technical elements (e.g. piping and heating)





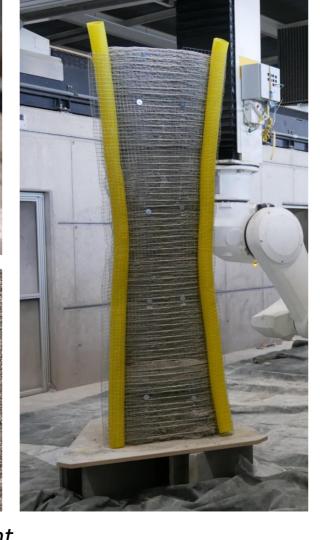


Fig 8: Wall segments of final demonstrator in manufacturing environment

Large scale demonstrators



Fig 9: Shelltonics demonstrator



Fig 10: Knitcrete bridge demonstrator

Shelltonics – in collaboration with:

- A05 fibre winding techniques
- B04 online process control
- C01 force-flow analysis
- CO3 functionalisation concept
- C05 concept for element jointing
- C06 geometrical quality control / AR
- C07 documentation / process analysis

Knitcrete bridge – in collaboration with:

- A05 design / fibre winding techniques
- B05 process control / path planning
- CO2 design / force-flow analysis
- C06 geometrical quality control / AR
- Mercator Fellow Mariana Popescu Concept and design / formwork structure





